
Sustainability Report

International Sustainability Core 1 Portfolio

Data as of December 31, 2024

This information is not meant to constitute investment advice, a recommendation of any securities product or investment strategy (including account type), or an offer of any services or products for sale, nor is it intended to provide a sufficient basis on which to make an investment decision. Investors should consult with a financial professional regarding their individual circumstances before making investment decisions.

There is no guarantee investment strategies will be successful. Investment risks include loss of principal and fluctuating value. Environmental and social screens may limit investment opportunities for the fund.

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP is an investment advisor registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Consider the investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses of the Dimensional funds carefully before investing. For this and other information about the Dimensional funds, please read the prospectus carefully before investing. Prospectuses are available by calling Dimensional Fund Advisors collect at (512) 306-7400 or at dimensional.com. Dimensional funds are distributed by DFA Securities LLC.

Focused Approach Guided by Science

Data Driven

We use environmental data to identify issues we believe have the potential to impose significant external costs on future generations.

Climate Focused

Our approach to sustainability focuses on the emissions that cause climate change.

Transparent Reporting

Our strategies are designed to provide a meaningful reduction in carbon footprint exposure.

Dimensional's sustainability strategies pursue reduced carbon footprint exposure.

Emissions Data

Focusing on greenhouse gas emissions data enables a climate-focused investment approach

Relevancy

Greenhouse gas emissions are the primary driver of climate change.

Accessibility

Companies around the world report greenhouse gas emissions annually.

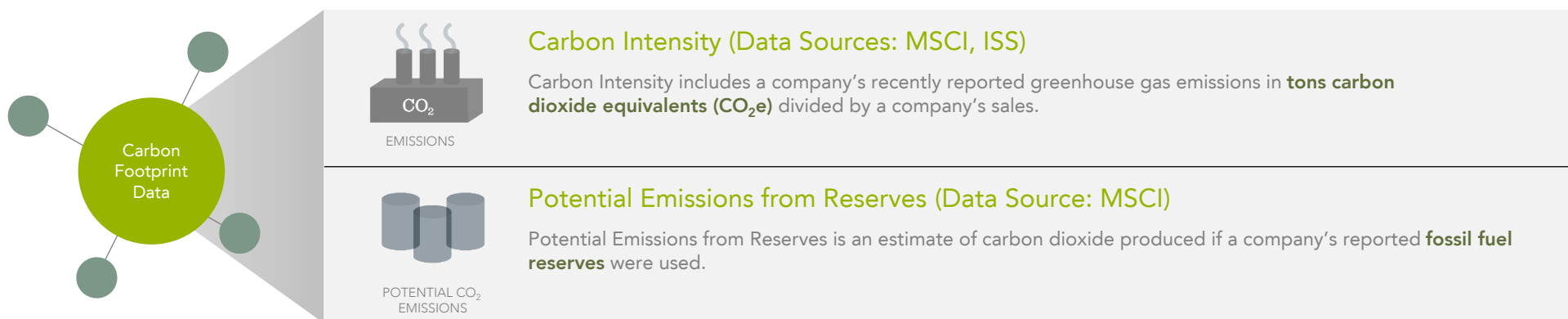
Comparability

Comparing companies' emissions data allows investors to compare companies' environmental characteristics.

Understanding Carbon Footprint Data

Evaluating company emissions by considering what's in the air and in the ground

Carbon Footprint Components:



Carbon Concepts at a Glance

What are carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e)?

CO₂e is a unit used to compare emissions of the seven greenhouse gases by converting each gas to an equivalent amount of CO₂ based on their global warming potential.¹

What is 1 Ton CO₂e?



Equivalent to emissions from **113** gallons of gasoline consumed¹



Equivalent to carbon sequestered by **1.2** acres of US forests in one year¹

What are fossil fuel reserves?

Companies may have physical assets that include coal, oil, and natural gas, which can lead to high emissions in the future.²

1. Source: EPA.gov.

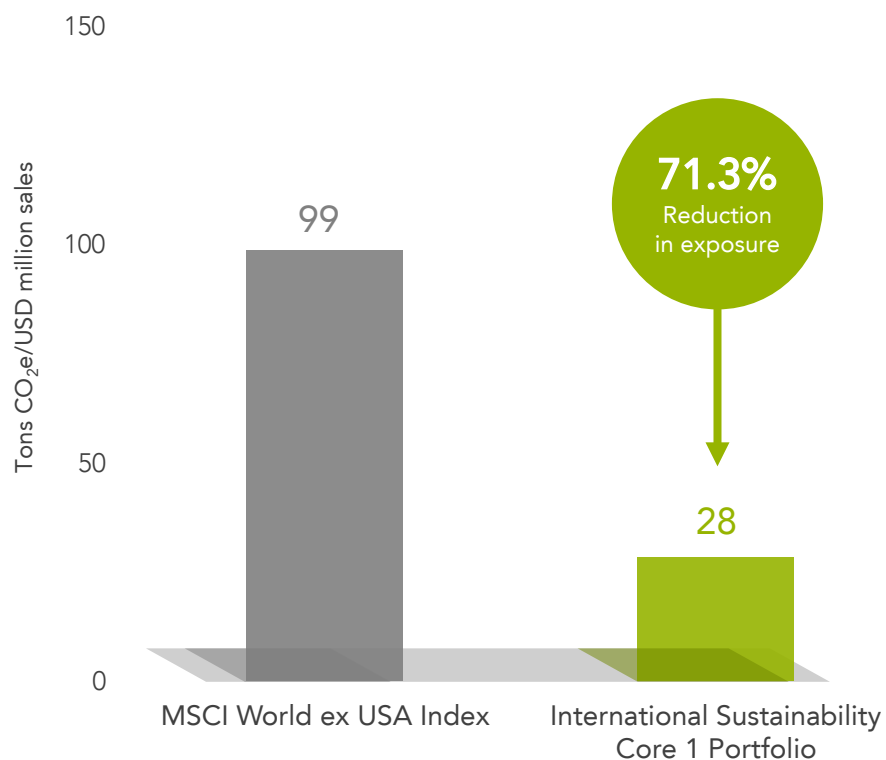
2. Source: MSCI.

Carbon Intensity represents a company's recently reported or estimated Scope 1 (direct) + Scope 2 (indirect) greenhouse gas emissions in carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e) normalized by sales in USD (metric tons CO₂e per USD million sales). Greenhouse gases included are carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆), and nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃). **Potential Emissions from Reserves** is a theoretical estimate calculated by MSCI of carbon dioxide produced if a company's reported reserves of oil, gas, and coal were converted to energy, given estimated carbon and energy densities of the respective reserves.

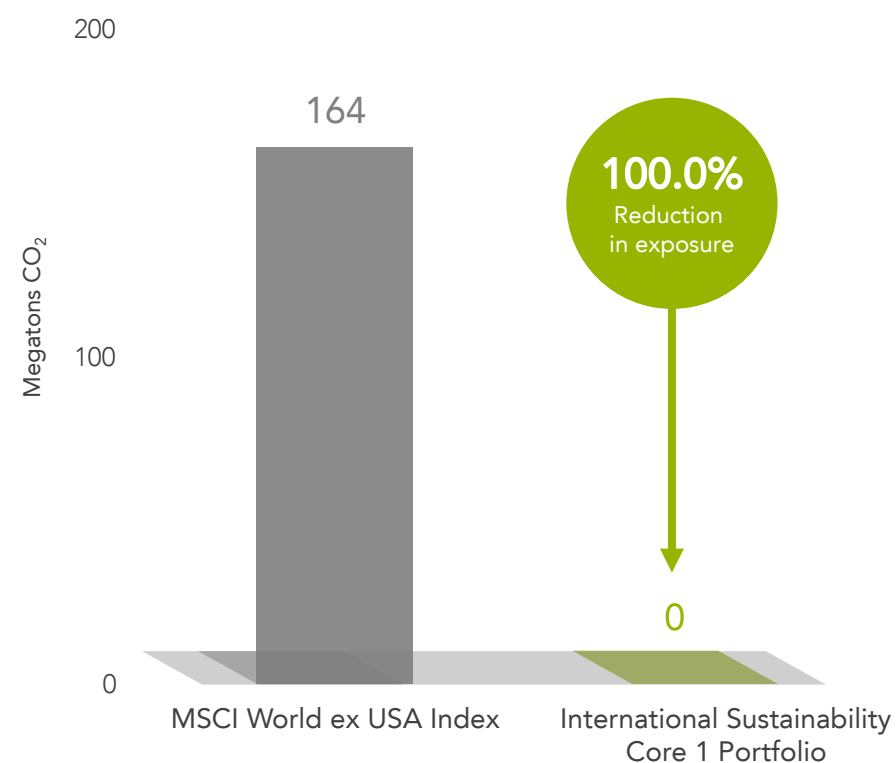
Carbon Footprint

Emissions exposure as of December 31, 2024

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity



Weighted Average Potential Emissions from Reserves



Weighted Average Carbon Intensity is found by calculating the recently reported or estimated Scope 1 (direct) + Scope 2 (indirect) greenhouse gas emissions in carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e) normalized by sales in USD (metric tons CO₂e per USD million sales) for each portfolio or index company and calculating the weighted average by portfolio or index weight. Greenhouse gases included are carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆), and nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃). **Weighted Average Potential Emissions from Reserves** is found using a theoretical estimate calculated by MSCI of carbon dioxide produced if a company's reported reserves of oil, gas, and coal were converted to energy, given estimated carbon and energy densities of the respective reserves, for each portfolio or index company and calculating the weighted average by portfolio or index weight. Please see "Sustainability Data Description and Disclosures" for additional information. MSCI data © MSCI 2025, all rights reserved.

Carbon Footprint by Sector

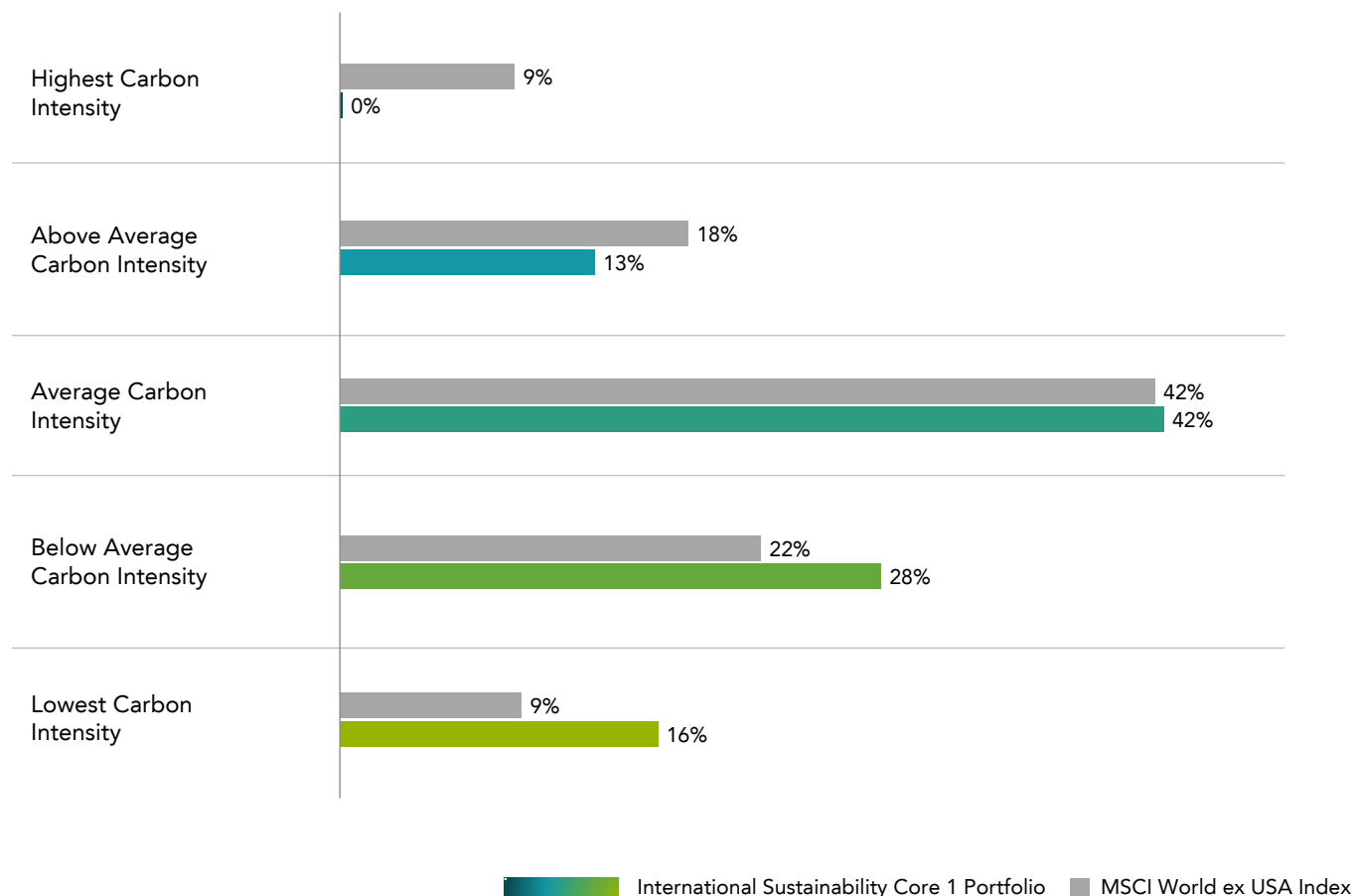
As of December 31, 2024

Sector	Sector Weight (%)		Wtd Avg Carbon Intensity (tCO ₂ e/USD millions sales)		Wtd Avg Potential Emissions from Reserves (MtCO ₂)	
	International Sustainability Core 1	MSCI World ex USA Index	International Sustainability Core 1	MSCI World ex USA Index	International Sustainability Core 1	MSCI World ex USA Index
Communication Services	4.9	4.4	11.7	18.4	—	—
Consumer Discretionary	13.8	10.4	12.2	24.0	—	—
Consumer Staples	6.6	7.9	25.4	33.6	—	—
Energy	1.5	5.1	128.5	470.0	—	2,337.7
Financials	22.2	23.7	1.5	3.3	—	0.5
Health Care	9.6	11.0	10.9	17.5	—	—
Industrials	21.1	17.0	18.2	61.7	—	79.1
Information Technology	9.1	9.0	7.5	14.3	—	—
Materials	6.5	6.5	174.6	521.1	—	468.5
Real Estate	2.1	1.8	25.7	58.3	—	—
Utilities	2.6	3.2	176.3	602.0	—	4.4
Total			28	99	0	164

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Weight Distribution by Carbon Intensity

As of December 31, 2024



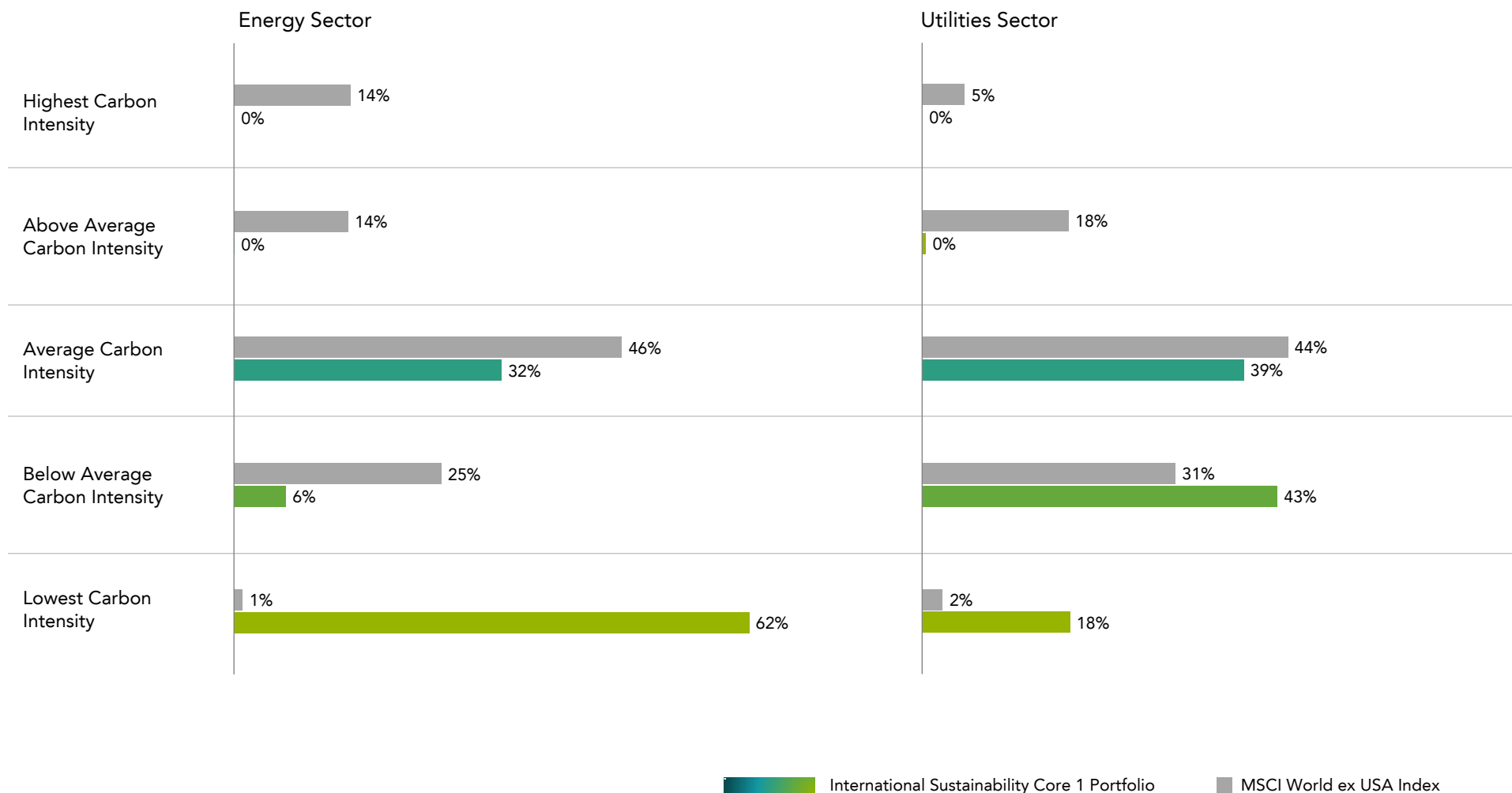
ê Dimensional’s sustainability strategies are designed to reduce exposure to higher carbon intensity companies and increase exposure to lower carbon intensity companies.

ê Companies with high carbon intensity overall or relative to sector peers are excluded or underweighted in the portfolio, while companies with lower carbon intensity overall or relative to sector peers may be overweighted.

Please see “Sustainability Data Description and Disclosures” for additional information. Within the portfolio’s target market, region, and industry, each company is classified from Highest Carbon Intensity to Lowest Carbon Intensity. The Lowest Carbon Intensity group is defined as approximately the 10% of companies with the lowest carbon intensity. The Below Average group is defined as the next 20%; Average is defined as the next 40%; Above Average is defined as the next 20%; and the Highest Carbon Intensity group is defined as approximately the 10% of companies with the highest carbon intensity. MSCI data © MSCI 2025, all rights reserved.

Weight Distribution by Carbon Intensity

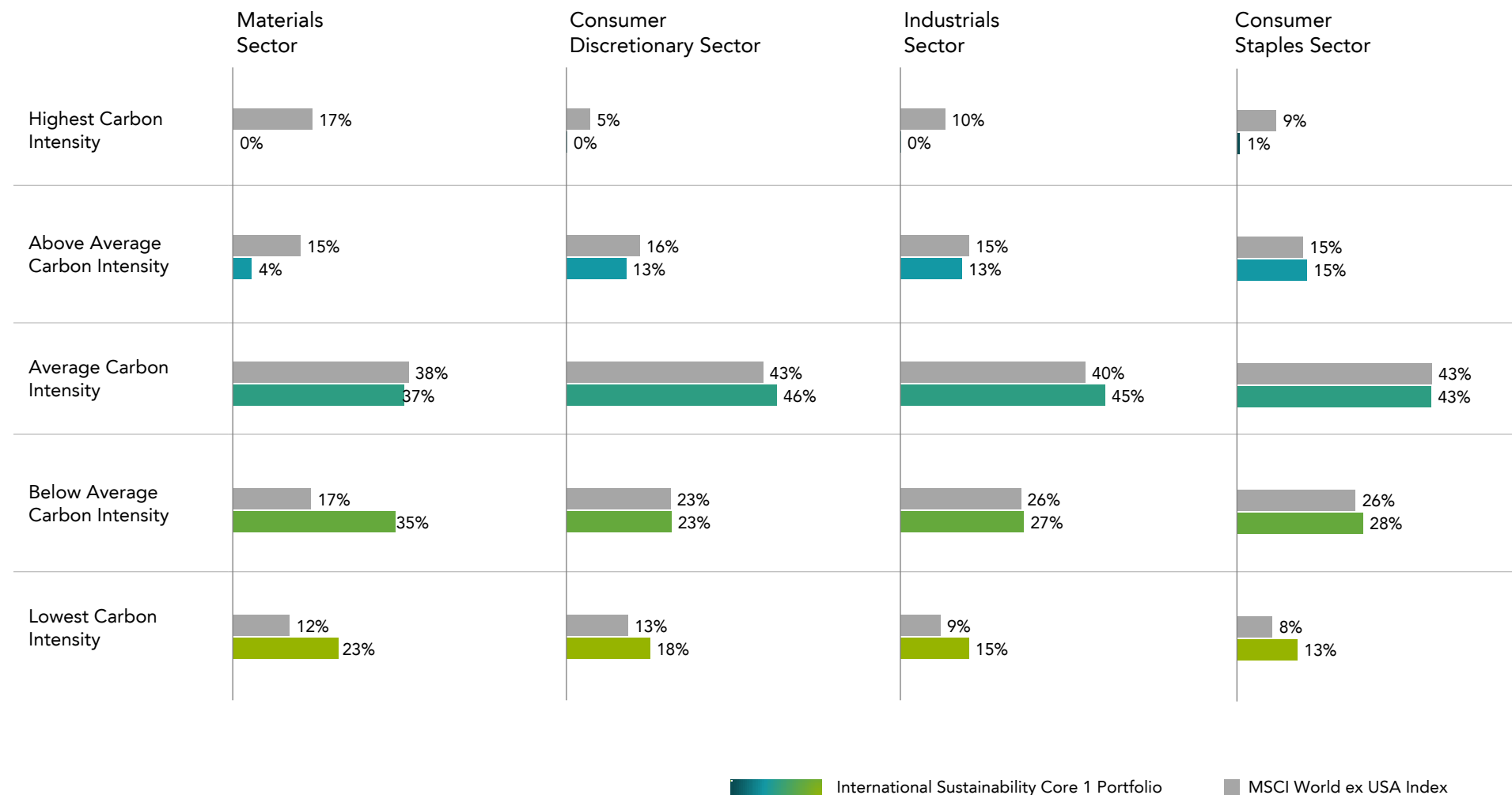
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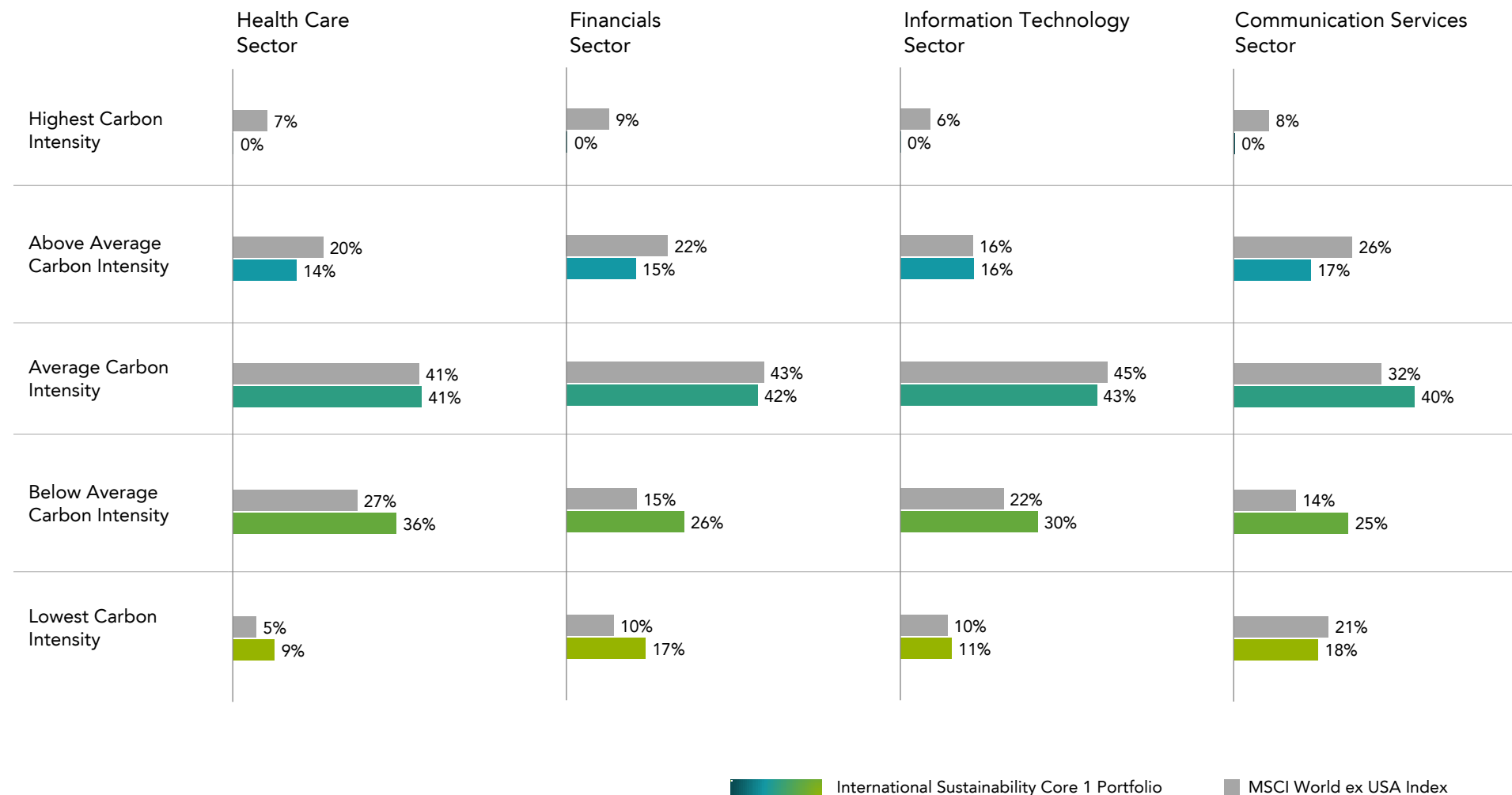
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Sustainability Data Description and Disclosures

Data Provider Disclosure

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Additional Information

Carbon Intensity and Potential Emissions from Reserves data is provided by third-party data providers, and methodology is subject to change with data developments or other findings or events. Third-party emissions data is available for over 99% of public companies. For companies where data is not available, Dimensional applies a sector average value.

Disclosures

Consider the investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses of the Dimensional funds carefully before investing. For this and other information about the Dimensional funds, please read the prospectus carefully before investing. Prospectuses are available by calling Dimensional Fund Advisors collect at (512) 306-7400 or at dimensional.com/prospectus. Dimensional funds are distributed by DFA Securities LLC.

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP is an investment advisor registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Risks include loss of principal and fluctuating value. Investment value will fluctuate, and shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than original cost.

Small and micro cap securities are subject to greater volatility than those in other asset categories.

International and emerging markets investing involves special risks such as currency fluctuation and political instability. Investing in emerging markets may accentuate these risks.

Sector-specific investments focus on a specific segment of the market, which can increase investment risks.

Fixed income securities are subject to increased loss of principal during periods of rising interest rates. Fixed income investments are subject to various other risks, including changes in credit quality, liquidity, prepayments, call risk, and other factors. Municipal securities are subject to the risks of adverse economic and regulatory changes in their issuing states.

Real estate investment risks include changes in real estate values and property taxes, interest rates, cash flow of underlying real estate assets, supply and demand, and the management skill and creditworthiness of the issuer.

Sustainability funds use environmental and social screens that may limit investment opportunities for the fund.

Commodities include increased risks, such as political, economic, and currency instability, and may not be appropriate for all investors. The Portfolio may be more volatile than a diversified fund because the Portfolio invests in a smaller number of issuers and commodity sectors.

The fund prospectuses contain more information about investment risks.